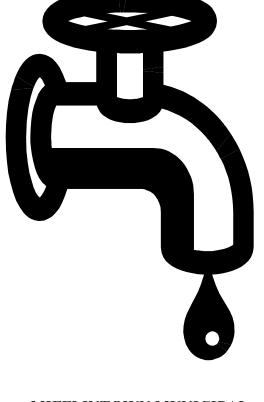


MIFFLINTOWN MUNICIPAL AUTHORITY **ENCOURAGES ALL OF OUR EMPLOYEES** AND CUSTOMERS TO BECOME SECURITY CONSCIOUS AND ASSIST IN PROTECTING OUR DRINKING WATER RESOURCES AND INFRASTRUCTURE.

> SUSPICIOUS ACTIVITY: 717-436-2342 WATER OFFICE

FOR EMERGENCIES OR TO REPORT



MIFFLINTOWN MUNICIPAL **AUTHORITY PO BOX 36** 259 WATER COMPANY RD. MIFFLINTOWN, PA 17059 717-436-2342 2020 **CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT** & WATER QUALITY REPORT

PWSID# 4340008

www.mifflintownwater.com

ICIPAL AUTHORITY

SOURCE WATER INFORMATION

MIFFLINTOWN MUNICIPAL AUTHORITY WATER TREATMENT PLANT

PWSID # 4340008

(This report contains very important information about your drinking

water. Translate it, or speak to someone who understands it.)

Este informe contiene informacion muy importante sobre su agua

de beber. Traduzcalo o hable con alguien que lo entienda bien.

Water Sources: Surface Water (Raw) Clearview Reservoir (Licking Creek) Reservoir Capacity: 66 Million Gallons Juniata River Intake the river intake in 2020.

Treatment Plant Capacity: 1008000 Gallons per Day. 2020 Average Daily Water Use: 462,028 Gallons per Day

Macedonia Wells were not used in 2020 Water Source: Ground Water - Macedonia Wells

MIFFLINTOWN MUNICIPAL AUTHORITY

259 WATER COMPANY RD.

POST OFFICE BOX 36

MIFFLINTOWN, PA 17059

SOURCE WATER ASSESSMENTS

and/or agricultural areas. Summary reports of the 2004 Source Water Assessment are available by writing to or contacting: more susceptible to accidental spills along roadways, releases of raw and/or under treated sewage, and storm water runoff developed Reservoir (Licking Creek) is a surface water source and was assessed as a high risk surface water source. Surface water sources are susceptible to contamination because the well meets DEP construction standards and has a good raw water quality. Clearview and Clearview Reservoir (Licking Creek). The assessments found that Macedonia Well is a low risk ground water source not In 2004 the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection completed a Source Water Assessment of the Macedonia Well

Mifflintown Municipal Authority 259 Water Company Rd. Mifflintown, PA 17059 Post Office Box 36

717-436-2342

or at www.dep.state.pa.us (Keyword: " DEP source water")

Website: www.mifflintownwater.com scheduled meetings, they are held on the fourth Monday of January. 2342. We want our customers to be informed about their water quality. If you would like to attend any one of our regularly If you have any questions about this report or concerning your wat Treatment Plant located at 259 Water Company er quality, please contact Mike Robinson, Manager at 717-436-Road, Mifflintown, PA 17059 March, May, July, September, and November at 7:00 pm in the

A SPECIAL MESSAGE FOR PEOPLE WITH

SEVERLY WEAKENED IMMUNE SYSTEMS

advice about drinking water from their health care providers. The other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons wh Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking **Disease Control and Prevention** guidelines on appropriate means to lessen risk of infection by **Cryptosporidium** and other Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and The Centers for no have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons

FOR MORE INFORMATION, PLEASE CONTACT:

microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline at (800)-426-4791.

- Your Doctor or other healthcare provider.
- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention at (800)-342 2437; or on-line at www.cdc.gov
- United States Environmental Protection Agency Drinking Water Hotline at (800)-426-4791
- Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection on-line at www.dep.state.pa.us

MIFFLINTOWN MUNICIPAL AUTHORITY 2020 WATER QUALITY REPORT

The Mifflintown Municipal Authority (MMA) is committed to providing our customers with a reliable and affordable supply of high-quality drinking water. We test our water using sophisticated equipment and advanced analytical procedures. This annual "Consumer Confidence Report," required by the Safe Drinking Water Act, tells you where your water comes from, what our testing shows about it, and other things you should know about drinking water. AN EXPLANATION OF THE WATER-QUALITY DATA TABLE

The table shows the results of our water-quality analysis. Every regulated contaminant that we detected in our water, even in the minutest traces, is listed here. The table contains the name of each substance, the highest level allowed by regulation (MCL), the ideal goals for public health, the amount detected, the major source of the contaminants, footnotes explaining the words and abbreviations used in the table. Many tests were conducted for other parameters including trace metals, radioactive particles, pesticides, herbicides, and numerous organic chemicals such as industrial wastes and solvents.

IMPORTANT DEFINITIONS

Maximum Contaminant Level or MCL: The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology. Maximum Contaminant Level Goal or MCLG: The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) - The highest level of a disinfectant that is allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants. Minimum Residual Disinfectant Level (MinRDL) - The minimum level of residual disinfectant required at the entry point to the distribution system.

HEALTH INFORMATION

Drinking Water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800)-426-4791.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Mifflintown Municipal Authority is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity. Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife

- Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, storm water runoff, and residential uses.
- Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organics, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can, also, come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff and
- Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

The EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. FDA regulations establishes limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health.

If you have any questions or comments regarding this report, please call the Mifflintown Municipal Authority at 717-436-2342 or e-mail at mmawater@embarqmail.com

MIFFL	ANTOWN	I MIUNICIPAL AU I	HUKITY 2020	WAILK	JUALITY REPORT	

CONTAMINANT	UNIT	MCL	MCLG	DATE TESTED	DETECTED LEVEL	VIOLATION
INORGANIC CHEMICALS						
Copper	CCR units	1.3	1.3	7/1/2019	0.290 Zero samples over MCL	NO
Lead	CCR units	15	0	7/3/2019	10.3 Zero samples over MCL	NO
Nitrate	CCR units	10	10	8/12/2020	<1.00* <1.00**	NO
Nitrite	CCR units	1	1	8/12/2020	<0.2* <0.20**	NO
Barium	CCR units	2	2	8/5/2020	0.0359* 0.18**	NO
Arsenic	CCR units	10	0	1/20/2020	<3.0* <2.0**	NO
Asbestos	CCR units	7	7	7/17/2012	ND* <0.970**	NO
Cadmium	CCR units	5	5	1/20/2020	<4.0* <1.0**	NO
Chromium	CCR units	100	100	1/20/2020	<5.0* <2.0**	NO
Cyanide (free)	CCR units	200	200	1/20/2020	<50.0* <5.0**	NO
Fluoride	CCR units	2	2	1/20/2020	<1.0* <0.1**	NO
Mercury	CCR units	2	2	1/20/2020	<0.2* <0.2**	NO
Selenium	CCR units	50	50	1/20/2020	<12.5* <5.0**	
Antimony	CCR units	6	6	1/20/2020	<1.0* <2.0**	NO
Beryllium	CCR units	4	4	1/20/2020	<2.0* <1.0**	NO
Thallium	CCR units	2	.5	1/20/2020	<0.5* <1.0**	NO
Uranium		30	0	8/12/2020	0.081* <5.0**	NO
Nickel	CCR units	100	100	1/20/2020	<50* <5.0**	NO
Distribution Asbestos	CCR units	7	7	3/18/2014	<0.19	NO
Entry Point Disinfectant Residual					MRDL	
Entry Point	mg/L	4		03/3/2020	3.30	NO
Minimum Cl2 Residual	mg/L	.2		07/7/2020	1.20	NO
Distribution	mg/L	.2		09/15/2020	.25	NO
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)		Range of % Removal Required 35.0%		Quarterly 2020	Range of % removal achieved 41.2%-55.4% Yearly Average 48.3%	NO
ORGANIC CHEMICALS						
Haloacetic Acids (Five)	CCR units	60	0	2020	42.2	NO
Trihalomethanes	CCR units	80	0	2020	32.5	NO
MICROBIOLOGICAL						
Bacteria		5%of monthly samples are positive		2020	0 samples	NO
Turbidity	NTUs	1	0.10	8/6/2020	.068	NO
,		0.30	0.10	2020	100% samples < 0.30	NO
VOLATILE ORGANIC CHEMICALS (VOCs)						
21 Primary Contaminants	CCR units	Ranges 10.0 – 2		1/20/2020	<0.5* <0.5**	NO
SYNTHETIC ORGANIC CHEMICALS (SOCs)						
Dalapon (SOC)	CCR units	200	200	7/14/2020	<1.07* <4.0 **	NO
+Di (2-Ethyl) Phthalate (SOC)	CCR units	6	0	7/14/2020	<0.51* <0.95 **	NO
Endrin	CCR units	2	2	7/14/2020	<0.19* <0.19**	NO
Lindane	CCR units	200	200	7/14/2020	<0.19* <0.20**	NO
Methoxychlor	CCR units	40	40	7/14/2020	<0.19* <0.19**	NO
Toxaphene	CCR units	3	0	7/14/2020	<1.9* <1.9 **	NO
Diquat	CCR units	20	20	7/14/2020	<2.0* <2.0**	NO
Endothall	CCR units	100	100	7/14/2020	<20.0* <20.0**	NO
Glyphosate	CCR units	700	700	7/14/2020	<25.0* <25.0 **	NO
Di(2-ethylhexyl) adipate	CCR units	400	400	7/14/2020	<0.95* <0.95 **	NO
Oxamyl [Vydate]	CCR units	200	200	7/14/2020	<1.0* <1.0**	NO
Simazine						NO
	CCR units	4	4	7/14/2020	<0.19* <0.19**	I NO
	CCR units CCR units			7/14/2020 7/14/2020		
Picloram Dinoseb	CCR units	500	500 7	7/14/2020		NO NO
Picloram Dinoseb	CCR units	500 7	500 7	7/14/2020 7/14/2020	<2.0* <2.0 ** <1.0* <1.0 **	NO NO
Picloram Dinoseb Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	CCR units CCR units CCR units	500 7 50	500 7 50	7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020	<2.0* <2.0** <1.0* <1.0** <0.47* <0.47**	NO NO NO
Picloram Dinoseb Hexachlorocyclopentadiene Carbofuran	CCR units CCR units CCR units CCR units	500 7 50 40	500 7	7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020	<2.0* <2.0** <1.0* <1.0** <0.47* <0.47** <1.0**	NO NO NO
Picloram Dinoseb Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	CCR units CCR units CCR units CCR units CCR units	500 7 50 40 3	500 7 50 40	7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020	<2.0* <2.0** <1.0* <1.0** <0.47* <0.47** <1.0* <1.0** <0.19* <0.19**	NO NO NO NO NO
Picloram Dinoseb Hexachlorocyclopentadiene Carbofuran Atrazine Alachlor	CCR units	500 7 50 40 3 2	500 7 50 40 3	7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020	<2.0* <2.0** <1.0* <1.0** <0.47* <0.47** <1.0* <1.0** <1.0* <1.0** <0.19* <0.19** <0.19* <0.19**	NO NO NO NO NO NO
Picloram Dinoseb Hexachlorocyclopentadiene Carbofuran Atrazine Alachlor Dioxin [2,3,7,8-TCDD]	CCR units	500 7 50 40 3 2 30	500 7 50 40 3 0	7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020	<2.0* <2.0** <1.0* <1.0** <0.47* <0.47** <1.0* <1.0** <1.0* <1.0** <0.19* <0.19** <0.19* <0.19** <5.0* <5.0**	NO NO NO NO NO
Picloram Dinoseb Hexachlorocyclopentadiene Carbofuran Atrazine Alachlor Dioxin [2,3,7,8-TCDD] Heptachlor	CCR units	500 7 50 40 3 2 30 400	500 7 50 40 3 0	7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020	<pre><2.0* <2.0** <1.0* <1.0** <0.47* <0.47** <1.0* <1.0** <1.0* <1.0** <0.19* <0.19** <0.19* <0.19** <5.0* <5.0** <0.095* <0.095**</pre>	NO
Picloram Dinoseb Hexachlorocyclopentadiene Carbofuran Atrazine Alachlor Dioxin [2,3,7,8-TCDD]	CCR units	500 7 50 40 3 2 30 400 200	500 7 50 40 3 0 0 0	7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020	<pre><2.0* <2.0** <1.0* <1.0** <0.47* <0.47** <1.0** <1.0* <1.0** <1.0* <1.0** <0.19* <0.19** <0.19* <0.19* <0.19* <0.019* <0.09* <0.09* <0.09* <0.09*</pre>	NO
Picloram Dinoseb Hexachlorocyclopentadiene Carbofuran Atrazine Alachlor Dioxin [2,3,7,8-TCDD] Heptachlor Heptachlor epoxide 2,4-D	CCR units	500 7 50 40 3 2 30 400 200 70	500 7 50 40 3 0 0 0 0	7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020	<pre><2.0* <2.0** <1.0* <1.0** <0.47* <0.47** <1.0** <1.0** <1.0* <1.0** <0.19* <0.19** <0.19* <0.19** <5.0* <5.0* <0.095* <0.095** <1.0* <1.0**</pre>	NO NO NO NO NO NO NO NO NO NO
Picloram Dinoseb Hexachlorocyclopentadiene Carbofuran Atrazine Alachlor Dioxin [2,3,7,8-TCDD] Heptachlor Heptachlor Heptachlor epoxide 2,4-D 2,4,5-TP [Silvex]	CCR units	500 7 50 40 3 2 30 400 200 70 50	500 7 50 40 3 0 0 0 0 0 70 50	7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020	<2.0* <2.0** <1.0* <1.0** <0.47* <0.47** <1.0* <1.0** <1.0* <1.0** <1.0* <1.0** <0.19* <0.19** <0.19* <0.19** <5.0* <5.0* <0.095* <0.095** <1.0* <1.0** <1.0* <1.0** <0.055* <0.055* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0** <0.50* <0.50*	NO NO NO NO NO NO NO NO NO NO
Picloram Dinoseb Hexachlorocyclopentadiene Carbofuran Atrazine Alachlor Dioxin [2,3,7,8-TCDD] Heptachlor Heptachlor epoxide 2,4-D 2,4,5-TP [Silvex] Hexachlorobenzene	CCR units	500 7 50 40 3 2 30 400 200 70 50 1	500 7 50 40 3 0 0 0 0 0 70 50	7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020	<pre><2.0* <2.0** <1.0* <1.0** <0.47* <0.47** <1.0* <1.0** <1.0* <1.0** <0.19* <0.19** <0.19* <0.19** <5.0* <5.0* <0.095* <0.095** <1.0* <1.0** <1.0* <1.0** <0.095* <0.095** <0.095* <0.095** <1.0* <1.0** <0.095* <0.095** <1.0* <1.0**</pre>	NO N
Picloram Dinoseb Hexachlorocyclopentadiene Carbofuran Atrazine Alachlor Dioxin [2,3,7,8-TCDD] Heptachlor Heptachlor epoxide 2,4-D 2,4,5-TP [Silvex] Hexachlorobenzene Benzo[a]pyrene	CCR units	500 7 50 40 3 2 30 400 200 70 50 1 200	500 7 50 40 3 0 0 0 0 70 50 0 0	7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020 7/14/2020	<2.0* <2.0** <1.0* <1.0** <0.47* <0.47** <1.0** <1.0* <1.0** <1.0** <0.19* <0.19** <0.19* <0.19** <5.0* <5.0** <0.095* <0.095** <1.0* <1.0** <1.0** <0.095* <0.095** <1.0* <0.095* <1.0* <0.095* <1.0* <1.0** <0.095* <0.095** <1.0* <1.0** <0.095* <0.095* <1.0* <1.0** <0.095* <0.095* <0.095* <0.095** <0.095* <0.095** <0.095* <0.095** <0.095* <0.095** <0.095* <0.095** <0.095* <0.095** <0.095* <0.095** <0.095* <0.095**	NO N
Picloram Dinoseb Hexachlorocyclopentadiene Carbofuran Atrazine Alachlor Dioxin [2,3,7,8-TCDD] Heptachlor Heptachlor epoxide 2,4-D 2,4,5-TP [Silvex] Hexachlorobenzene Benzo[a]pyrene Pentachlorophenol	CCR units	500 7 50 40 3 2 30 400 200 70 50 1 200 1	500 7 50 40 3 0 0 0 0 70 50 0 0	7/14/2020 7/14/2020	<pre><2.0* <2.0** <1.0* <1.0** <0.47* <0.47** <1.0** <1.0* <1.0** <0.19* <0.19** <0.19* <0.19** <5.0* <5.0** <0.095* <0.095** <1.0* <1.0** <1.0* <1.0** <0.095* <0.095** <1.0* <0.095* <1.0* <1.0** <1.0* <</pre>	NO N
Picloram Dinoseb Hexachlorocyclopentadiene Carbofuran Atrazine Alachlor Dioxin [2,3,7,8-TCDD] Heptachlor Heptachlor Heptachlor epoxide 2,4-D 2,4,5-TP [Silvex] Hexachlorobenzene Benzo[a]pyrene Pentachlorophenol PCBs [Polychlorinated biphenyls] (Aroclor)	CCR units	500 7 50 40 3 2 30 400 200 70 50 1 200 1 500	500 7 50 40 3 0 0 0 0 70 50 0 0 0 0	7/14/2020 7/14/2020	<2.0* <2.0** <1.0* <1.0** <0.47* <0.47** <1.0** <1.0* <1.0** <1.0** <0.19* <0.19** <0.19* <0.19** <5.0* <5.0** <0.095* <0.095** <1.0* <1.0** <1.0* <1.0** <0.095* <0.095** <1.0* <1.0** <1.0* <1.0** <1.0* <1.0** <0.095* <0.095* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1.0* <1	NO N
Picloram Dinoseb Hexachlorocyclopentadiene Carbofuran Atrazine Alachlor Dioxin [2,3,7,8-TCDD] Heptachlor Heptachlor epoxide 2,4-D 2,4,5-TP [Silvex] Hexachlorobenzene Benzo[a]pyrene Pentachlorophenol	CCR units	500 7 50 40 3 2 30 400 200 70 50 1 200 1	500 7 50 40 3 0 0 0 0 70 50 0 0	7/14/2020 7/14/2020	<pre><2.0* <2.0** <1.0* <1.0** <0.47* <0.47** <1.0** <1.0* <1.0** <0.19* <0.19** <0.19* <0.19** <5.0* <5.0** <0.095* <0.095** <1.0* <1.0** <1.0* <1.0** <0.095* <0.095** <1.0* <0.095* <1.0* <1.0** <1.0* <</pre>	NO N

WATER QUALITY TABLE FOOTNOTES

Clearview Reservoir (Licking Creek), Juniata River

CONTAMINANT	CONTAMINANT	VIOLATION ID	VIOLATION TYPE	ID LOCATION	PERIOD BEGIN DATE	FISCAL YEAR
Chlorine	1013	1087	Failure to Report	Distribution	11/21/2019	2020
Chlorine	1013	1088	R3	Distribution	11/21/2019	2020
Turbidity	2920	1089	Failure to Report	301	11/21/2019	2020
Chlorine #755	1013	1090	Failure to Report	755	11/21/2019	2020
Arsenic (IOC)	1005	6810	Failure to Report	101	01/01/2020	2021



In the spring of 2011 the Mifflintown Municipal Authority joined the AWWA's Partnership for Safe Drinking Water. The Partnership's mission is to improve the quality of drinking water delivered to customers of public water supplies by optimizing system operations. The Partnership encourages and assists United States water suppliers to voluntarily enhance their water systems performance, for greater control of Cryptosporidium, Giardia and other microbial contaminants.

DRINKING WATER DISINFECTION

Chlorine acts as a powerful disinfection agent when used either on its own or as sodium hypochlorite (bleach). Added to water in minute quantities, it quickly kills bacteria and other microbes. Chlorine has the major advantage of ensuring clean water right up to the tap, whereas the action of other disinfectants - such as ozone, ultraviolet light and ultra filtration - is only temporary. In addition to purifying water, chlorine helps remove tastes and odors, controls the growth of slime and algae in main pipes and storage tanks, and helps to remove unwanted nitrogen compounds from water. MMA uses chlorine gas to treat water from Clearview Reservoir, Juniata River and sodium hypochlorite (bleach) to treat water from Macedonia Well.

FLUORIDATION

Mifflintown Municipal Authority does not add fluoride to your drinking water. Fluoride is not added due to the fact that it is expensive, difficult to handle because of its toxicity, and improved dental hygienic products and procedures.